METHYL BROMIDE



1. PERFORMANCE

1) Measuring range : 8.8-22 ppm 0.5-10 ppm 0.1-0.5 ppm Number of pump strokes $1/2\,(50\text{m}\,\ell)$ $1\,(100\text{m}\,\ell)$ $3\,(300\text{m}\,\ell)$

2) Sampling time : 2.5 minutes/1 pump stroke, 1.5 minutes/1/2 pump strokes

3) Detectable limit : 0.03 ppm (300mℓ) 4) Shelf life : 1 year

5) Operating temperature $10 \sim 40 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$

6) Reading : Direct reading from the scale calibrated by 1 pump stroke

7) Colour change : White→Purple

2. RELATIVE STANDARD DEVIATION

RSD-low: 10% RSD-mid.: 10% RSD-high: 10%

3. CHEMICAL REACTION

By decomposing with an Oxidizer, Bromine is produced.

Bromine reacts with 3,3-Dimethylnaphthidine and Bromine compound is produced.

 $CH_3Br + CrO_3 + H_2SO_4 \cdot nSO_3 \rightarrow Br_2$

4. CALIBRATION OF THE TUBE

PERMEATION TUBE METHOD

5. INTERFERENCE AND CROSS SENSITIVITY

Substance	Interference
Carbon dioxide	The accuracy of readings is not affected.

(NOTE)

1/2 pump srtokes can be used with the following formula to measure the range of 8.8-22 ppm; Actual concentration = $2.2 \times \text{Tube}$ reading

3 pump srtokes can be used with the following formula to measure the range of 0.1-0.5 ppm; Actual concentration = $0.2 \times$ Tube reading